

Anxiety Self-Management Plan

Be physically active **General Health Guidelines:** Spend time with people who support you Find ways to relax If you are taking medicine(s), take as prescribed **Green Flags** — All Clear What this means... If you have: No anxiety symptoms Your symptoms are under control Anxiety symptoms are managed with medications. Good for you! Keep up the great work! **Yellow Flags — Caution** What this means... If you have: You may have anxiety Your anxiety may not be well controlled with Severe worry, nervousness, feel anxious or your treatment, therapy, or medication anxious feelings that affect your ability to do your You could be having a side effect to the daily activities medication or Trouble falling asleep or problems sleeping that Your medication may need to be adjusted. lasts longer than four weeks You are at higher risk for accidents, overdose, and Uncontrollable, obsessive thoughts potential death Nightmares, or flashbacks of traumatic experiences Severe muscle tension Call your doctor, consulting nurse, or healthcare Drowsiness, lack of energy provider if symptoms do not improve. Confusion, disorientation Name: Dizziness, lightheadedness Number: Nausea, stomach upset Instructions: Take alcohol or other drugs with your anxiety medication If you notice a Yellow Flag, work closely with your health care team. Red Flags—Stop and Think What this means... If you: Have thoughts of death or feel like harming You need to be evaluated by a health care yourself or others professional immediately. **CALL the 24-hour Crisis Line:** If you notice a Red Flag 1-800-626-8137 **CALL 9-1-1—EMERGENCY!** OR

If you notice a Red Flag, CALL 9-1-1. Emergency!

Name: _ Number:

CALL 9-1-1
If possible, notify your health care provider's office:



Anxiety Self-Management Plan

Anxiety Facts

- Anxiety is a normal human reaction to stress that everyone experiences at times. For
 instance, people may feel anxious when preparing for an important event, doing a new
 activity or project, waiting for test results, having problems with finances, unpaid bills,
 job stress, or problems with relationships.
- When anxiety feelings do not go away, or when worries and fear interfere with normal daily
 activities and you find yourself unable to solve daily problems, it could be an anxiety disorder.
- Anxiety disorders are common mental health issues affecting 18% of adults.
- Symptoms can include feelings of panic, fear, worry, uneasiness, problems trouble falling asleep, and muscle tension. Since physical symptoms of an anxiety disorder can easily be confused with other medical conditions, it's important to talk with your health care professional.
- There are different types of anxiety disorders so it's important to talk with your health care
 professional about your feelings of anxiety.
- Sometimes medications may be used in the treatment of anxiety; however they are not a cure. Sometimes anxiety needs to be addressed with therapy or perhaps lifestyle changes.

So, what can you do?

- Talk with your health care provider(s). Talk about your symptoms, including any problems that you are having with daily functioning.
- If your health care provider recommends a medication, find out when and how the medication should be taken.
- Always follow your medical provider or mental health providers' directions regarding
 medications. Do not stop medications without first checking with your medical or mental health
 provider as some drugs need to be tapered off slowly.
- Eat a balanced diet as this is important for your overall physical and mental health.
- Limit or avoid caffeine. Caffeine, found in coffee and regular tea can make you feel jittery and nervous and can interfere with sleep.
- Drink plenty of water, unless your health care provider tells you to limit fluids. Even mild dehydration can affect your mood.
- Exercise! Physical activity can help reduce anxiety.

Southeast Washington Aging and Long Term Care

At Aging and Long Term Care, we believe every adult deserves to live with dignity. We connect seniors, adults with disabilities and family caregivers to a full range of free and other community resources designed to offer you choice, improve your quality of life and respect your independence.

For more information, call Information and Assistance

Upper Valley Yakima County: 509-469-0500 Lower Valley Yakima County (Grandview): 509-402-0334

Benton County: 509-735-0315 **Franklin County**: 509-412-1013 **Kittitas County:** 509-925-8765 **Walla Walla County**: 509-529-6470

Columbia County: 509-382-4787 Garfield County: 509-843-3563

Asotin County: 509-758-2355

www.ALTCwashington.com

Southeast Washington